



PHILOSOPHISCHE FAKULTÄT UND FACHBEREICH THEOLOGIE

#### Industrial relations in multilingual environments at work (IR – Multiling)

#### **3rd international Project-Meeting**

Erlangen, 4-5 of February 2016

Ingrid Artus/Ronald Staples/Rainer Trinczek/Michael Whittall





### **German Division Case Studies**

"Fair Mobility Project (DGB)" (Michael Whittall)



"Integration and representation in interactive social services – Institutionalized Care " (Ronald Staples)





## **National Advisory Board Germany**

**Dr. Hans-Joachim Gergs** AUDI AG, In House Consultant at AUDI Change Management.

Robert Hinke Union Secretary at United Services Trade Union (Verdi)

**Dr. Matthias Klemm** Sociologist, University of Appl. Sciences Fulda, Working on european works council, knowledge transfer and sociology of language.

**Wolfgang Niclas** 

Union Secretary at Industrial Union of Metalworkers (IG Metall) **Prof. Dr. Rudi Schmidt** Professor for Sociology of Work, Industrial Sociology at the University of Jena

**Dr. Sandra Siebenhüter** Union Secretary at IG Metall Nuremberg, expert on migrant working.

**Petra Wlecklik** Union Secretary on Migration and Integration at the executive board of IG Metall





# **Work in Progress**

| Case I   | Fair Mobility     | <ul> <li>Interviews held in Munich (representative of fair mobility,<br/>interviews 6 planned in Berlin)</li> <li>Main target of research → Institutional Level</li> </ul> |         |
|----------|-------------------|--|---------|
|          |                   | J  |         |
| Case II  | Aluminium Foundry | <ul> <li>- 2 Interviews held with Union representatives</li> <li>- 5 Interviews held with members of the works council</li> </ul>  |         |
|          |                   | Main target of research $\rightarrow$  | Company |
| Case III | Care              | Interviews held with union representatives, member of the federal<br>employment office, HR-officer, three Spanish care<br>workers and a Spanish activist                   |         |
|          |                   | Main target of research $\rightarrow$  | Sector  |
|          |                   |  | Logo    |







Arbeitnehmerfreizügigkeit sozial, gerecht und aktiv

#### **Case I – Provisional Findings**

#### Faire Mobilität

Arbeitnehmerfreizügigkeit sozial, gerecht und aktiv

Welcome

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#### "Projekt Fair Mobility (DGB)"

| Sector           | <i>→</i> | Multi-Sector  |
|------------------|----------|---|
| Place            | <i>→</i> | 6 advice centers throughout<br>Germany (Berlin, Hamburg,<br>München, Frankfurt, Dortmund,<br>Stuttgart)                                       |
| Plant size       | <b>→</b> | 2 – 3 advice workers with<br>specific areas of expertise and<br>foreign language competence   |
| Findings/focus → |          | What are the main problems in<br>connection to language, branch/<br>regional specific issues,<br>employees' experience ?<br>Service provided. |

#### fair DGB

Arbeitnehmerfreizügigkeit sozial, gerecht und aktiv

#### Faire Mobilität

Arbeitnehmerfreizügigkeit sozial, gerecht und aktiv

#### Welcome

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#### Faire Mobilität (DGB)(Michael Whittall)

- 1. Founded /launched 2011
- 2. 6 advice centres
- 3. Tasks
- 4. Sector differences
- 5. Future prospects









#### **Case II – Provisional Findings**









#### Case II: *Multilinguality and representation of interests in the metal industry*– Methods and Design

#### The company:

- aluminium foundry producing parts of gearing boxes
- around. 1000 employees
- 3% women
- around 20% non-German, mainly Turkish workers
- 14-15 nationalities working mainly as un-skilled or semiskilled workers
- "long migration history" of the 15 works council members : 3 Turkish, 1 Romanian, 1 Yugoslavian

# The interviews:

- Works council chair (2)
- Turkish works council member
- Yugoslavian works council member
- Turkish assistant works council member (,right wing')

#### Planned:

- (Turkish contract worker ?)
- Manager





#### **Case II – Provisional Findings**

- •Decline of multilinguality since the 1990s because of an improved competence in German.
- German as ,official company language' is widely accepted and also backed by the works council (*"because otherwise Germans feel discriminated against";* communication is necessary for the coordination of work, health & safety – as well as for company and social integration)
- German is not always the "the day-day language" (especially in un-skilled or semiskilled areas non-German workers dominate);







#### **Case II – Provisional Findings**

- •Learning (a bit of) Turkish (and other languages) and finding *"small interpreters"* is important for production supervisors
- •The "second official company language" is Turkish.
- Works council: "This is a kind of ghettoization"
- 2003/04: works council initiated German language lessons
- Despite all-day-, translation services', the works council insists that

German is the official language of representation " -

"We are against separations and cleavages and feel obligated to treat everybody equally: younger, elder, German, Turkish people. (...) The common language is bundling also the political interests."





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# Case III – Provisional Findings



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# Case III Integration and representation in the health care sector. Institutionalized Care

Focus is the Sector

Employers

- Hospital Geriatric Home Radiological Network Service Union Interest Group Workers
- (tbd) (tbd) HR Union Sec. Initiator





#### Case III Provisional Findings

- Sector is highly diverse Few big health companies (hospitals and care corportations – elderly care)
- Organizational Level is very low many small companies, in most cases no works council.
- Biggest German Service Union is not really engaged in language issues.
- Certification of Language is mandatory for qualified jobs but skill level (B2) is not sufficient for qualified work (clinical sector)
- Language courses are an opportunity for exploitation. Workers have to pay illegitime fines, if certification isn't completed within a year.
- A qualified worker is a cheap worker before language skills are officially certified





#### **Case III Provisional Findings**

- New buzzword 'circular mobility' for *enforced* temporary migration episodes
- Best practice for integrating new workers Tandem-model (Radiology- Competence Network, Hospital)
- Integration needs Time! If not a downward spiral of disregards will be set off – workers cannot understand what to do - Locals do not have time to show and explain standardized working practices (hospital, elderly care is highly taylorized work). Immigrant workers are dumped to inferior jobs (cleaning rails)
- Semiprivate Sector is widely blind spot language skills by TV
- Language Issues in work practice are often metaphors for Culture and cultural issues (behavior, mentalities)
- Language is a twofolded instrument of exclusion (Interest Group has no integration Efforts, focus on Spanish issues, unions are to-<sup>0</sup>g<sup>0</sup> conservative)